
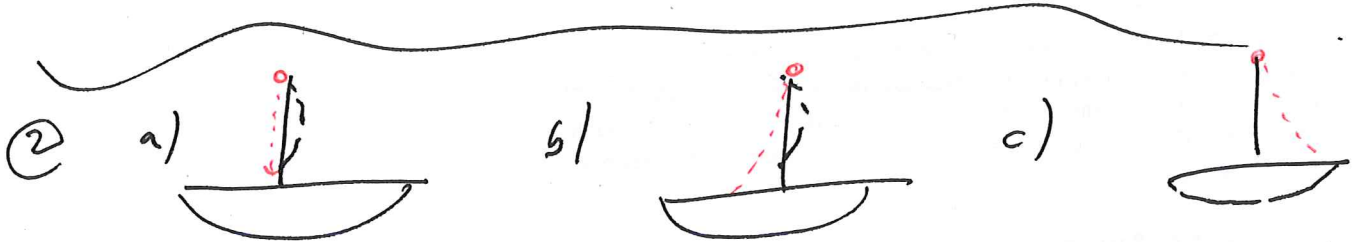
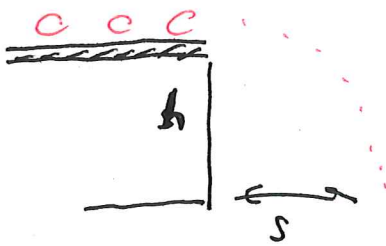


# Freies Fall

- ① a) identisch wie wenn Flasche in Zug fallen würde: freies Fall :  $\vdots$   
 b) waagrechter Wurf :   
 c)  $v$  des Zuges



- ③ Text evtl. unklar ... gefragt: Höhe



Geg:  $v = 2 \text{ m/s}$   
 $s = 1.35 \text{ m}$ ,  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

Ges:  $h$

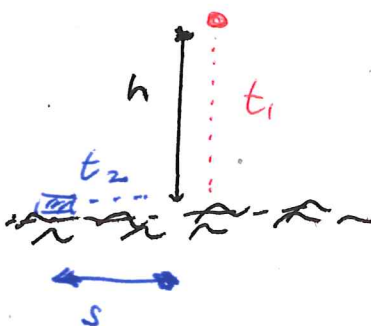
L: Kugel wird nicht abgebremst  
 $v \rightarrow$  bleibt gleich, ist gleichförmig

$$v = \frac{s}{t} \rightarrow t = \frac{s}{v} = \frac{1.35}{2} = 0.675 \text{ s}$$

$$h = \frac{1}{2} \cdot g \cdot t^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot (0.675)^2$$

$$= 2.23 \text{ m}$$

④



Geg:  $v(\text{Fluss}) = 4 \text{ m/s}$   
 $h = 12 \text{ m}$ ,  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

Ges:  $s$

L: gleiche Zeiten!  $t_1 = t_2 = t$

$$v(\text{Fluss}) = \frac{s}{t} \rightarrow t = \frac{s}{v(\text{Fluss})}$$

$$h = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \rightarrow t = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot h}{g}}$$

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot h}{g}} \cdot v = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 12}{9.81}} \cdot 4 = \underline{\underline{6.26 \text{ m}}}$$

5) Ges:  $v(2-g) = 72 \text{ km/h} \hat{=} 20 \text{ m/s}$

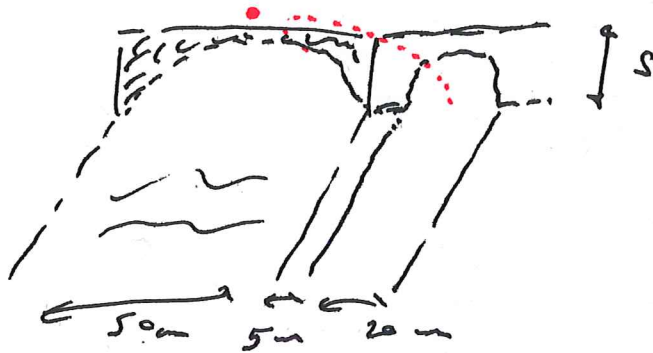
$h = 19.6 \text{ m}$

$s(\text{Fluss}) = 50 \text{ m}$  ;  $s(\text{Stra\ss}e) = 20 \text{ m}$  ,  $s = 5 \text{ m}$

Ges :  $t$ ,

L. :

a)



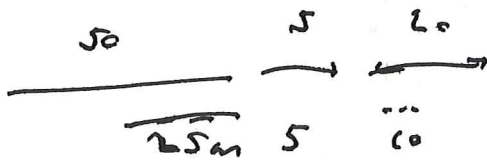
$s = 19.6 \text{ m} = \frac{1}{2} g t^2$

$\rightarrow \underline{t} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot s}{g}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 19.6}{9.81}} = \underline{2 \text{ s}}$

$v = \frac{s}{t}$

$\rightarrow s = v \cdot t$

$= 20 \text{ m/s} \cdot 2 = 40 \text{ m}$



Stra\ss}enmitte

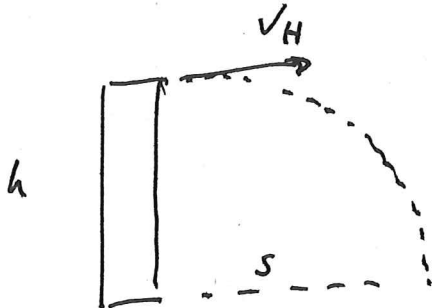
b) ohne Luftreibung!  $\rightarrow v$  bleibt gleich!  
 $\rightarrow \underline{0 \text{ m}}$

6

Ges:  $h = 45 \text{ m}$   
 $v = 10 \text{ m/s}$  ( $\rightarrow v_H$ )

Ges:  $s, t, v$  ( $\downarrow v_v$ )

L:

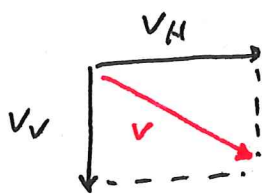


$$h = \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$
$$\rightarrow t = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot h}{g}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 45}{9.81}}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{3.03 \text{ s}}}$$

$$v_H = \frac{s}{t} \rightarrow s = v_H \cdot t$$
$$= 10 \cdot 3.03 = \underline{\underline{30.3 \text{ m}}}$$

$$v_{\text{vertikal}} = g \cdot t = 9.81 \cdot 3.03 = 29.72 \text{ m/s}$$

Beachte  $v$  ist eine vektorielle Größe



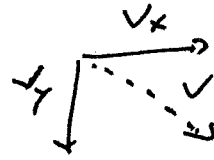
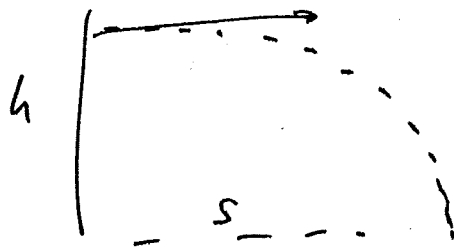
$$v = \sqrt{(v_H)^2 + (v_v)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{\cancel{30.3}^2 + 29.72^2}$$
$$= \underline{\underline{31.35 \text{ m/s}}}$$

7

Gy:  $h = 0.6 \text{ m}$   
 $s = 1.1 \text{ m}$

Gd:  $v$

L.:



$$h = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \rightarrow t = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot h}{g}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 0.6}{9.81}} = 0.35 \text{ s}$$

$$\underline{v_x} = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{1.1}{0.35} = \underline{3.15 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$$

$$v_y = g \cdot t = 9.81 \cdot 0.35 = 3.43 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\underline{v} = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2} = \sqrt{3.15^2 + 3.43^2} = \underline{4.66 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$$